

Company Number 07042902

Tullett Prebon Investment Holdings Limited

Annual Report and Financial Statements - 31 December 2018



STRATEGIC REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

The Directors present their Annual Report and the audited financial statements of Tullett Prebon Investment Holdings Limited (the 'Company') for the year ended 31 December 2018.

BUSINESS REVIEW AND FUTURE DEVELOPMENTS

Tullett Prebon Investment Holdings Limited (the 'Company'), is a wholly owned subsidiary and holding Company within the TP ICAP plc (the 'Group').

The Directors consider that the year end financial position was satisfactory and do not anticipate any changes to the principal activities.

During the year, the Company impaired its investments by £216,400,000 (2017:£600,000). Please see Note 2 for further details.

RESULTS

The results of the Company are set out in the statement of profit or loss on page 10.

The loss for the financial year of £143,600,000 (2017: profit of £99,600,000) has been transferred to reserves.

The net assets of the Company are £1,318,700,000 (2017: £875,200,000)

PRINCIPAL RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES

The key risks which the Company faces in its day to day operations can broadly be categorised as credit, operational and liquidity risk.

Credit risk is the risk of financial loss to the Company in the event of non-performance by a client or counterparty with respect to its contractual obligations to the Company. As the Company's business is contracted on an agency or intermediary basis, the main credit risk is more akin to a market risk, as the exposure in such cases is to movements in securities prices and foreign currency.

Operational risk is the risk of loss resulting from inadequate or failed internal processes, people activities, systems or external events. Operational risk covers a wide and diverse range of risk types and the overall objective of the Company's approach to operational risk management is not to attempt to avoid all potential risks but to proactively identify and assess risk and risk situations in order to manage them in an efficient and informed manner.

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company, in periods of corporate or market volatility, will not have access to an appropriate level of cash or funding to enable it to finance its ongoing operations and any other reasonable unanticipated events on cost effective terms. Cash and cash equivalent balances are held with the primary objective of capital security and availability, with a secondary objective of generating returns. Funding requirements and cash and equivalent exposures are monitored by the Group Finance and Operations departments.

For some months the Company has been preparing for a hard Brexit. In that circumstance, UK entities would lose their ability to provide services in the EU27 zone using passports, either through branches or on a cross-border services basis and the ability to continue doing business in Europe would be restricted. Given the nature of the Company's activities as a holding Company, it is not expected to be materially impacted by Brexit.


Management have the day-to-day responsibility for ensuring that the Company operates in accordance with the Enterprise Risk Management Framework. The Group has approved policies and procedures to manage credit, operational, liquidity, reputational and legal risk. Further details of the Enterprise Risk Management Framework are outlined in the TP ICAP plc (the "Group") Annual Report, which does not form part of this report.

KEY PERFORMANCE INDICATORS

The Company's return on assets, calculated as net profit divided by net assets, is -10.89% (2017:11.38%).

The Directors of TP ICAP plc manage the Group's operations on a regional basis. For this reason, the Company's Directors believe that further analysis using key performance indicators for the Company is not necessary or appropriate for an understanding of the development, performance or position of the business of the Company. The key performance indicators of TP ICAP plc, which includes the Company, are discussed in the Group's Annual Report, which does not form part of this report.

This report has been approved by the board of Directors and signed by order of the board:



R Stewart
Director

25 September 2019

DIRECTORS REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES

The Company's principal activities are to be a holding Company within the Group and to provide long term financing to those undertakings. It is anticipated that the Company will continue its present business activities next year.

The Company is incorporated in the United Kingdom and domiciled in England and Wales. The Company is a private company limited by shares. The registered office is Floor 2, 155 Bishopsgate, London, England, EC2M 3TQ.

BUSINESS REVIEW AND FUTURE DEVELOPMENTS

Details of business review and future developments can be found in the Strategic Report on page 1.

PRINCIPAL RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES

Details of principal risks and uncertainties can be found in the Strategic Report on page 1.

GOING CONCERN

The Directors have a reasonable expectation that the Company has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future being at least the next twelve months from approval of the financial statements. Thus they continue to adopt the going concern basis in preparing the financial statements.

Further details regarding the adoption of the going concern basis can be found in Note 1, accounting policies, in the financial statements.

DIVIDENDS

During the year, the Directors declared and paid dividends on the ordinary shares of £72,500,000 (2017: £94,000,000).

The following dividends were paid post year end:

On 28 February 2019, Tullett Prebon Investment Holdings Limited declared a dividend of £17,000,000: comprising of £6,000,000 cash dividend and £11,000,000 dividend in specie of the loan balance to Tullett Prebon Group Limited.

On 22 March 2019, Tullett Prebon Investment Holdings Limited declared a dividend of £1,035,770.88 to Tullett Prebon Group Limited.

On 12 April 2019, Tullett Prebon Investment Holdings Limited declared a dividend of £5,000,000 to Tullett Prebon Group Limited.

On 12 April 2019, Tullett Prebon Investment Holdings Limited declared a dividend of £2,774,197.26 to Tullett Prebon Group Limited.

On 3 May 2019, Tullett Prebon Investment Holdings Limited declared a dividend of £7,594,354.10 to Tullett Prebon Group Limited.

On 30 May 2019, Tullett Prebon Investment Holdings Limited declared a dividend of £9,407,213.77 to Tullett Prebon Group Limited.

On 10 June 2019, Tullett Prebon Investment Holdings Limited declared a dividend of £6,000,000 to Tullett Prebon Group Limited

On 13 June 2019, Tullett Prebon Investment Holdings Limited declared a dividend of £453,105.57 to Tullett Prebon Group Limited.

DIRECTORS

The following persons were Directors of the Company during the financial year and up to the date of this report, unless otherwise stated:

Robin Stewart

Philip Price (appointed 08 August 2018)

John Phizackerley (resigned 8 August 2018)

Tullett Prebon Investment Holdings Limited
Directors' report
31 December 2018

DIRECTOR'S INDEMNITIES

The Company's ultimate parent, TP ICAP plc, has made qualifying third party indemnity provisions for the benefit of its Directors which remain in force at the date of this report.

ENVIRONMENTAL POLICY

The nature of the Company's activities is such that it has a minimal direct effect on the environment. However, management have agreed to adopt Group policies to safeguard the environment, to meet statutory requirements, or where such policies are commercially sensible.

POLITICAL CONTRIBUTIONS

There were no political donations made by the Company during the year (2017: £nil).

DISABLED EMPLOYEES

Applications for employment by disabled persons are always fully considered, bearing in mind the abilities of the applicant concerned. In the event of members of staff becoming disabled every effort is made to ensure that their employment with the Company continues and that appropriate training is arranged. It is the policy of the Company that the training, career development and promotion of disabled persons should, as far as possible, be identical to that of other employees.

EMPLOYEE CONSULTATION

The Company is committed to attracting, retaining, developing and advancing the most qualified persons without regard to their race, ethnicity, religion or belief, gender, age, sexual orientation or disability. This commitment is underpinned by policies on equal opportunities, harassment and discrimination, to which all employees are required to adhere.

The Company participates in the Group's policies and practices relating to current and prospective employees. These policies and practices are outlined in the Group's Annual Report which does not form part of this report.

POST BALANCE SHEET EVENTS

On 28 February 2019, Tullett Prebon Investment Holdings Limited declared a dividend of £17,000,000: comprising of £6,000,000 cash dividend and £11,000,000 dividend in specie of the loan balance to Tullett Prebon Group Limited.

On 28 February 2019, Tullett Prebon Investment Holdings Limited subscribed for 1 share in Tullett Prebon (Securities) Limited for £2,000,000.

On 22 March 2019, Tullett Prebon Investment Holdings Limited declared a dividend of £1,035,770.88 to Tullett Prebon Group Limited.

On 26 March 2019, Tullett Prebon Investment Holdings Limited has entered into a convertible bond with ClearCompress Limited to the amount of £500,000.

On 12 April 2019, Tullett Prebon Investment Holdings Limited declared a dividend of £5,000,000 to Tullett Prebon Group Limited.

On 12 April 2019, Tullett Prebon Investment Holdings Limited declared a dividend of £2,774,197.26 to Tullett Prebon Group Limited.

On 3 May 2019, Tullett Prebon Investment Holdings Limited declared a dividend of £7,594,354.10 to Tullett Prebon Group Limited.

On 30 May 2019, Tullett Prebon Investment Holdings Limited declared a dividend of £9,407,213.77 to Tullett Prebon Group Limited.

On 10 June 2019, Tullett Prebon Investment Holdings Limited declared a dividend of £6,000,000 to Tullett Prebon Group Limited.

On 13 June 2019, Tullett Prebon Investment Holdings Limited declared a dividend of £453,105.57 to Tullett Prebon Group Limited.

On 21 June 2019, Tullett Prebon Investment Holdings Limited subscribed for one share in Tullett Prebon (Securities) Limited for £4,000,000.

On 26 June 20019, Tullett Prebon Investment Holdings Ltd subscribed for one share in TP ICAP Management Services (Singapore) Pte Limited for £1,164,958.06.

Tullett Prebon Investment Holdings Limited
Directors' report
31 December 2018

On 28 March 2019, Tullett Prebon Investment Holdings Limited undertook to provide sufficient financial assistance to Tullett Prebon (Europe) Limited as and when needed to enable Tullett Prebon (Europe) Limited to continue its operations and fulfil all of its financial obligations now and in the future, such undertaking to be in force for a period of twelve months from the date of approval of the financial report of Tullett Prebon (Europe) Limited which was the 29 March 2019 up to a maximum aggregate amount of £50,000,000 during the twelve month period.

On 11 September 2019, Tullett Prebon Investment Holdings Limited will continue to provide sufficient financial support to its fellow group undertaking ICAP America Investments Limited and Garban International, from the date the holdings of ICAP America Investments Limited and Garban International have been transferred to Tullett Prebon Investment Holdings Limited. This is to enable ICAP America Investments Limited and Garban International to meet its liabilities as and when they fall due during the twelve month period.

On 27 March 2019, the Company entered into an agreement with ClearCompress Limited, a provider of algorithm-based compression services, under which the Company provided a £0.5m loan and purchased an option to acquire the share capital of ClearCompress Limited on terms to be agreed at the time of the option's exercise. The fair value of the option at the date of the agreement was negligible. On the 2 September 2019 the Company exercised its option, agreeing to pay £0.8m in cash over two years and contingent deferred consideration estimated to be £8.4m, based on the Company's estimate of performance related conditions, over a 6 year period ending in August 2025.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR

The Company's incumbent auditor, Deloitte LLP, have indicated their willingness to continue in office and are deemed reappointed in the next financial year.

PROVISION OF INFORMATION TO THE AUDITOR

So far as each person who was a Director at the date of approving this report is aware, there is no relevant audit information, being information needed by the auditor in connection with preparing its report, of which the auditor is unaware. Having made enquiries of fellow Directors and the Company's auditor, each Director has taken all the steps that they are obliged to take as a Director in order to make themselves aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the auditor is aware of that information.

This confirmation is given and should be interpreted in accordance with the provisions of section 418 of the Companies Act 2006.

Tullett Prebon Investment Holdings Limited
Directors' report
31 December 2018

APPROVAL OF REDUCED DISCLOSURES

As permitted by FRS 101, the Company has taken advantage of all the disclosure exemptions available to it, including: statement of cash flows, the effect of new accounting standards not yet mandatory, presentation of comparative information for certain assets, impairment of assets, fair value measurement, key management compensation, related party transactions, share-based payments and financial risk management disclosures.

The report is authorised for issue by the board of Directors.

On behalf of the Directors

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read 'R Stewart', written over a horizontal line.

R Stewart
Director

25 September 2019

Company No: 07042902

Tullett Prebon Investment Holdings Limited
Directors' responsibilities statement
31 December 2018

The Directors are responsible for preparing the Strategic Report, Directors' report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the Directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the Directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with FRS 101 'Reduced Disclosure Framework'. Under Company law the Directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company and the profit or loss of the Company for that year. This is the first year the Company has adopted FRS 101 (please see Note 1 for further details).

In preparing these financial statements, the Directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether FRS 101 'Reduced Disclosure Framework' has been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the Company will continue in business.

The Directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the Company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the Company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the Company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

The Directors are responsible for the maintenance and integrity of the Company's website. Legislation in the United Kingdom governing the preparation and dissemination of financial statements may differ from legislation in other jurisdictions.

Tullett Prebon Investment Holdings Limited
Independent auditor's report to the members of Tullett Prebon Investment Holdings Limited
31 December 2018

Report on the audit of the financial statements

Opinion

In our opinion the financial statements of Tullett Prebon Investment Holdings Limited (the 'Company'):

- give a true and fair view of the state of the Company's affairs as at 31 December 2018 and of its loss for the year ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice, including Financial Reporting Standard 101 "Reduced Disclosure Framework"; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

We have audited the financial statements of which comprise:

- the statement of profit or loss;
- the balance sheet;
- the statement of changes in equity;
- the related notes 1 to 18.

The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including Financial Reporting Standard 101 "Reduced Disclosure Framework" (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report.

We are independent of the Company in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, including the Financial Reporting Council's "(the FRC's)" Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Conclusions relating to going concern

We are required by ISAs (UK) to report in respect of the following matters where:

- the Directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting in preparation of the financial statements is not appropriate; or
- the Directors have not disclosed in the financial statements any identified material uncertainties that may cast significant doubt about the Company's ability to continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting for a period of at least twelve months from the date when the financial statements are authorised for issue.

We have nothing to report in respect of these matters.

Other information

The Directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the annual report, other than the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether there is a material misstatement in the financial statements or a material misstatement of the other information. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in respect of these matters.

Tullett Prebon Investment Holdings Limited

Independent auditor's report to the members of Tullett Prebon Investment Holdings Limited

31 December 2018

Responsibilities of Directors

As explained more fully in the Directors' responsibilities statement, the Directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the Directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the Directors are responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Directors either intend to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located on the FRC's website at: www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities. This description forms part of our auditor's report.

Report on other legal and regulatory requirements

Opinions on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of the audit:

- the information given in the Strategic Report and the Directors' report for the financial period for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements; and
- the Strategic Report and the Directors' report have been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

In the light of the knowledge and understanding of the Company and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we have not identified any material misstatements in the Strategic Report or the directors' report.

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

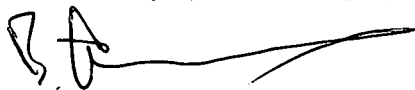
Under the Companies Act 2006 we are required to report in respect of the following matters if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of Directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit.

We have nothing to report in respect of these matters.

Use of our report

This report is made solely to the Company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the Company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the Company and the Company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.



Ben Jackson FCA (Senior Statutory Auditor)

for and on behalf of Deloitte LLP

Statutory Auditor

London, United Kingdom

25 September 2019

Tullett Prebon Investment Holdings Limited
Statement of profit or loss
For the year ended 31 December 2018

	Note	Year ended 31 Dec 2018 £m	Year ended 31 Dec 2017 £m
Expenses			
Administrative costs	3	(0.6)	(3.8)
Other operating expenses		<u>(0.4)</u>	<u>(0.2)</u>
Operating loss		(1.0)	(4.0)
Net finance cost	4	-	(0.1)
Income from investments	5	73.6	104.3
Impairment of investments in subsidiaries	9	<u>(216.4)</u>	<u>(0.6)</u>
(Loss)/profit before income tax benefit		(143.8)	99.6
Income tax benefit	8	<u>0.2</u>	-
(Loss)/profit after income tax benefit for the year		<u><u>(143.6)</u></u>	<u><u>99.6</u></u>

The (loss)/profit for the current and prior year result solely from continuing operations.

There were no items of other comprehensive income in the current or prior year other than the loss for the year and, accordingly, no statement of comprehensive income is presented.

Tullett Prebon Investment Holdings Limited
Balance sheet
As at 31 December 2018

	Note	As at 31 Dec 2018 £m	As at 31 Dec 2017 £m
Assets			
Non-current assets			
Investment in associates and joint ventures	10	4.6	2.8
Investment in subsidiaries	9	1,391.0	946.5
Total non-current assets		<u>1,395.6</u>	<u>949.3</u>
Current assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	11	0.2	9.1
Debtors	12	18.2	0.1
Tax receivable	8	0.2	-
Total current assets		<u>18.6</u>	<u>9.2</u>
Total assets		<u>1,414.2</u>	<u>958.5</u>
Liabilities			
Non-current liabilities			
Creditors - amounts falling due after more than one year	13	95.1	83.1
Total non-current liabilities		<u>95.1</u>	<u>83.1</u>
Current liabilities			
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	14	0.4	0.2
Total current liabilities		<u>0.4</u>	<u>0.2</u>
Total liabilities		<u>95.5</u>	<u>83.3</u>
Net assets		<u>1,318.7</u>	<u>875.2</u>
Equity			
Issued capital	15	8.7	8.7
Share premium		1,207.9	548.3
Retained profits		102.1	318.2
Total equity		<u>1,318.7</u>	<u>875.2</u>

The financial statements on pages 10 to 24 were approved and authorised for issue by the board of Directors on 25 September 2019 and were signed on its behalf by:



R Stewart
 Director

25 September 2019

Company No: 07042902

Tullett Prebon Investment Holdings Limited
Statement of changes in equity
For the year ended 31 December 2018

	Issued capital £m	Share premium £m	Retained profits £m	Total equity £m
Balance at 1 January 2017	8.7	543.7	312.6	865.0
Profit after income tax expense for the year	-	-	99.6	99.6
Other comprehensive income for the year, net of tax	-	-	-	-
Total comprehensive income for the year	-	-	99.6	99.6
Share capital issued	-	4.6	-	4.6
Dividends paid (note 16)	-	-	(94.0)	(94.0)
Balance at 31 December 2017	<u>8.7</u>	<u>548.3</u>	<u>318.2</u>	<u>875.2</u>
	Issued capital £m	Share premium £m	Retained profits £m	Total equity £m
Balance at 1 January 2018	8.7	548.3	318.2	875.2
Loss after income tax benefit for the year	-	-	(143.6)	(143.6)
Other comprehensive income for the year, net of tax	-	-	-	-
Total comprehensive income for the year	-	-	(143.6)	(143.6)
Share capital issued	-	659.6	-	659.6
Dividends paid (note 16)	-	-	(72.5)	(72.5)
Balance at 31 December 2018	<u>8.7</u>	<u>1,207.9</u>	<u>102.1</u>	<u>1,318.7</u>

Share capital

The balance classified as share capital includes the nominal value of the proceeds on issue of the Company's share capital, comprising £1 ordinary shares.

Share premium

The share premium includes the value of the proceeds above nominal on issue of the Company's share capital, comprising £1 ordinary shares. During the year, the Company issued a further two shares for a total share premium of £659.6m.

During the prior year, the Company issued two shares for a total share premium of £4.6m.

The above statement of changes in equity should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes

Note 1. General information and principal accounting policies

General information

The Company is a private company limited by shares.

The principal accounting policies adopted in the preparation of the financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

Going concern

After consideration of the Company's business review and the risks and uncertainties; including the risks related to Brexit as set out in the Strategic Report, and having considered the Company's forecasts including the Company's liquidity and capital, the Directors have a reasonable expectation that the Company has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future being at least the next twelve months from approval of the financial statements. Accordingly, the going concern basis continues to be used in preparing these financial statements.

Basis of preparation

These financial statements were prepared in accordance with FRS 101 'Reduced Disclosure Framework' and the Companies Act 2006.

The financial statements are prepared in pound sterling which is the functional currency of the Company.

Transition to FRS 101

This is the first year the Company is adopting FRS 101. In previous periods the accounts were presented under FRS 102. FRS 101 has been adopted for this period in order to align the statutory reporting framework to other entities within the Group.

The transition has resulted in IFRS 9 and IFRS 15, which are mandatory for periods commencing on or after 1 January 2018, being applicable to the entity for the first time.

IFRS 9 Financial Instruments

The Company has adopted IFRS 9 from 1 January 2018. The standard introduced new classification and measurement models for financial assets. A financial asset shall be measured at amortised cost if it is held within a business model for which the objective is to hold assets in order to collect contractual cash flows which arise on specified dates and that are solely principal and interest. A debt investment shall be measured at fair value through other comprehensive income if it is held within a business model for which the objective is to both hold assets in order to collect contractual cash flows which arise on specified dates that are solely principal and interest as well as selling the asset on the basis of its fair value. All other financial assets are classified and measured at fair value through profit or loss unless the entity makes an irrevocable election on initial recognition to present gains and losses on equity instruments (that are not held-for-trading or contingent consideration recognised in a business combination) in other comprehensive income ('OCI'). Despite these requirements, a financial asset may be irrevocably designated as measured at fair value through profit or loss to reduce the effect of, or eliminate, an accounting mismatch. For financial liabilities designated at fair value through profit or loss, the standard requires the portion of the change in fair value that relates to the entity's own credit risk to be presented in OCI (unless it would create an accounting mismatch). New simpler hedge accounting requirements are intended to more closely align the accounting treatment with the risk management activities of the entity. New impairment requirements use an 'expected credit loss' ('ECL') model to recognise an allowance. Impairment is measured using a 12-month ECL method unless the credit risk on a financial instrument has increased significantly since initial recognition in which case the lifetime ECL method is adopted. For receivables, a simplified approach to measuring expected credit losses using a lifetime expected loss allowance is available.

The impact of applying the new impairment model under IFRS 9 is discussed within the impairment of financial assets accounting policy (Note 1).

Hedge accounting

The Company did not undertake any qualifying hedging activities during the reporting period and will apply IFRS 9's hedge accounting requirements as and when such transactions arise.

Note 1. General information and principal accounting policies (continued)

IFRS 15 Revenue from Contracts with Customers

The Company has adopted IFRS 15 from 1 January 2018. The standard provides a single comprehensive model for revenue recognition. The core principle of the standard is that an entity shall recognise revenue to depict the transfer of promised goods or services to customers at an amount that reflects the consideration to which the entity expects to be entitled in exchange for those goods or services. The standard introduced a new contract-based revenue recognition model with a measurement approach that is based on an allocation of the transaction price. This is described further in the accounting policies below. Credit risk is presented separately as an expense rather than adjusted against revenue. Contracts with customers are presented in an entity's balance sheet as a contract liability, a contract asset, or a receivable, depending on the relationship between the entity's performance and the customer's payment. Customer acquisition costs and costs to fulfil a contract can, subject to certain criteria, be capitalised as an asset and amortised over the contract period. The adoption of IFRS 15 has not had a significant effect on the amounts reported in these financial statements.

There has been no material impact on the amounts reported during the period as a result of applying FRS 101 for the first time.

As permitted by FRS 101, the Company has taken advantage of all of the disclosure exemptions available to it, including: statement of cash flows, the effect of new accounting standards not yet mandatory, presentation of comparative information for certain assets, impairment of assets, fair value measurement, key management compensation, related party transactions, share-based payments and financial risk management disclosures.

Where relevant, equivalent disclosures have been given in the group accounts of TP ICAP plc.

The Company's ultimate parent is TP ICAP plc (incorporated in the United Kingdom) and its consolidated financial statements are available from Companies House.

Items which are of a non-recurring nature and material, when considering both size and nature, are disclosed separately to give a clearer presentation of the Company's results.

New or amended Accounting Standards and Interpretations adopted

The Company has adopted all of the new or amended Accounting Standards and Interpretations issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB) that are mandatory for the current reporting period.

The adoption of IFRS 9 and IFRS 15 were most relevant to the Company, as detailed above. No other new standards or amendments have had a significant impact on the disclosures or on the amounts reported in these financial statements.

Historical cost convention

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, modified to include certain items at fair value, and in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 101 (FRS 101) issued by the Financial Reporting Council.

Interest receivable and similar income

Interest income is recognised as interest accrues using the effective interest method. This is a method of calculating the amortised cost of a financial asset and allocating the interest income over the relevant period using the effective interest rate, which is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts through the expected life of the financial asset to the net carrying amount of the financial asset.

Income from investments

Dividend income from investments is recognised when the Company's rights to receive payment have been established.

Note 1. General information and principal accounting policies (continued)

Tax

Tax on the profit for the year comprises both current and deferred tax as well as adjustments in respect of prior years. Tax is charged or credited to the profit or loss account, except when it relates to items charged or credited directly to equity, in which case the current and deferred tax is also dealt with in equity.

Current tax is the expected tax payable on the taxable income for the period, using tax rates enacted, or substantially enacted by the balance sheet date.

Deferred tax is recognised using the liability method, in respect of all temporary differences between the carrying value of assets and liabilities for reporting purposes and the tax bases of the assets and liabilities. Deferred tax is calculated at the rate of tax expected to apply when the liability is settled or the asset is realised. A deferred tax asset is recognised only to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which the asset can be utilised.

Calculations of current and deferred tax liability have been based on ongoing discussions with the relevant tax authorities, management's assessment of legal and professional advice, case law and other relevant guidance. Where the expected tax outcome of these matters is different from the amounts that were recorded initially, such differences will impact the current and deferred tax amounts in the period in which a reassessment of the liability is made.

Foreign currencies

Transactions denominated in foreign currencies are translated into the functional currency at the rates of exchange prevailing on the dates of the transactions.

At each balance sheet date, monetary assets and liabilities that are denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rates prevailing on the balance sheet date. Exchange differences are taken to the statement of profit or loss.

Non-monetary assets and liabilities carried at fair value that are denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the rates prevailing at the date when the fair value was determined.

For the purpose of presenting the financial statements, the assets and liabilities of the Company's foreign operations are translated at exchange rates prevailing on the balance sheet date. Exchange differences arising are recorded in the statement of other comprehensive income and transferred to the Company's profit or loss account in equity.

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash in hand, overdrafts and demand deposits and other short-term highly liquid investments which are subject to insignificant risk of change in value and are readily convertible into a known amount of cash with less than three months maturity.

Debtors

Debtors are recognised at amortised cost less provision for impairment.

All provisions are recorded within administrative expenses in the statement of profit or loss.

Associates

Associates are entities over which the Company has significant influence but not control or joint control. Investments in associates are accounted for using the equity method. Under the equity method, the share of the profits or losses of the associate is recognised in profit or loss and the share of the movements in equity is recognised in other comprehensive income. Investments in associates are carried in the balance sheet at cost plus post-acquisition changes in the Company's share of net assets of the associate. Goodwill relating to the associate is included in the carrying amount of the investment and is neither amortised nor individually tested for impairment. Dividends received or receivable from associates reduce the carrying amount of the investment.

Investment in subsidiaries

Investments comprise equity shareholdings. These investments are recorded at historical cost less provision for any impairment in their values. However, where the transaction takes place for nil consideration, it is not considered to have a transaction price. As there is no consideration given for the transfer, it would represent a gift from the transferor to the transferee and, therefore, would be recorded at fair value as a proxy for its cost.

A subsidiary is an entity over which the Company has control. Control exists where the Company has the power to govern the financial and operating policies of an entity so as to obtain benefits from its activities.

Note 1. General information and principal accounting policies (continued)

Impairment in subsidiaries

An impairment review of the recoverable amount is undertaken at each balance sheet date or when such events or changes in circumstances indicate that an impairment loss may have occurred.

An impairment loss is recognised for the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less costs of disposal and value in use.

Financial instruments

The Company has applied IFRS 9 from 1 January 2018 which has replaced IAS 39 'Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement'. Under the transition methods chosen, comparative information has not been restated. The Company had no hedging relationships as at this date or during the current reporting period. The details of new significant accounting policies are set out below.

With respect to the classification and measurement of financial assets, the number of categories of financial assets under IFRS 9 has been reduced compared to IAS 39. Under IFRS 9 the classification of financial assets is based both on the business model within which the asset is held and the contractual cash flow characteristics of the asset.

There are three principal classification categories for financial assets that are debt instruments:

- (i) fair value through other comprehensive income 'FVOCI',
- (ii) fair value through profit or loss 'FVTPL' and;
- (iii) amortised cost.

On initial recognition of an equity investment that is not held for trading, the Company may irrevocably elect to present subsequent changes in the investment's fair value in Other Comprehensive Income ('OCI'). This election is made on an investment-by-investment basis.

Equity investments in scope of IFRS 9 are measured at fair value with gains and losses recognised in profit or loss unless an irrevocable election is made to recognise gains or losses in other comprehensive income. Under IFRS 9, derivatives embedded in financial assets are not bifurcated but instead the whole hybrid contract is assessed for classification.

All financial assets not classified as "measured at amortised cost" or "FVOCI" are measured at FVTPL. This includes all derivative financial assets. On initial recognition, the Company may irrevocably designate a financial asset that otherwise meets the requirements to be measured at amortised cost or at FVOCI, as an asset measured at FVTPL if doing this eliminates or significantly reduces an accounting mismatch that would otherwise arise.

There has been no change in the accounting for financial liabilities as IFRS 9 largely retains the existing requirements in IAS 39 for the classification and measurement of financial liabilities. Under IFRS 9, changes in the fair value of a financial liability designated as at FVTPL due to credit risk are presented in other comprehensive income unless such presentation would create or enlarge an accounting mismatch in profit or loss.

Impairment of financial assets

IFRS 9 replaces the 'incurred loss' model in IAS 39 with an 'expected credit loss' 'ECL' model. The new impairment model applies to financial assets measured at amortised cost and debt investments at FVOCI, but not to investments in equity instruments.

The financial assets at amortised cost consist of cash and cash equivalents.

Under IFRS 9, loss allowances are measured on either of the following bases:

- 12-month ECLs: these are ECLs that result from expected default events within the 12 months after the reporting date; and
- lifetime ECLs: these are ECLs that result from all expected default events over the expected life of a financial instrument.

The Company measures loss allowances at an amount equal to lifetime ECLs, except for the following, which are measured as 12-month ECLs:

- Cash and cash equivalents for which credit risk has not increased significantly since initial recognition.

Note 1. General information and principal accounting policies (continued)

When determining whether the credit risk of a financial asset has increased significantly since initial recognition and when estimating ECLs, the Company considers reasonable and supportable information that is relevant and available without undue cost or effort. This includes both quantitative and qualitative information and analysis, based on the Company's historical experience and informed credit assessment and including forward-looking information.

The Company assumes that the credit risk on a financial asset has increased significantly if it is more than 30 days past due.

The Company considers a financial asset to be in default when:

- the borrower is unlikely to pay its credit obligations to the Company in full, without recourse by the Group to actions such as realising security (if any is held); or
- the financial asset is more than 90 days past due.

The Company considers a debt security to have low credit risk when its credit risk rating is equivalent to the globally understood definition of 'investment grade'. The Company considers this to be Baa3 or higher per Moody's or BBB- or higher per both Standard & Poor's and Fitch.

The maximum period considered when estimating ECLs is the maximum contractual period over which the Company is exposed to credit risk.

Measurement of ECLs

ECLs are a probability-weighted estimate of credit losses. Credit losses are measured as the present value of all cash shortfalls, representing the difference between the cash flows due to the entity in accordance with the contract and the cash flows that the Company expects to receive. ECLs are discounted at the effective interest rate of the financial asset.

Credit-impaired financial assets

At each reporting date, the Company assesses whether financial assets carried at amortised cost and debt securities at FVOCI are credit impaired. A financial asset is 'credit-impaired' when one or more events that have a detrimental impact on the estimated future cash flows of the financial asset have occurred.

Impact of the new impairment model

The application of the impairment requirements of IFRS 9 did not have a material impact on the Company's financial statements.

Borrowing costs

All borrowing costs are expensed as interest payable and similar charges in the profit or loss account using the applicable effective interest rate.

Issued capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity.

Dividends paid

Dividends are recognised as deductions from retained earnings in the period in which they are declared.

Tullett Prebon Investment Holdings Limited
Notes to the financial statements
31 December 2018

Note 2. Key accounting judgements and sources of estimation uncertainty

The preparation of the financial statements requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts in the financial statements. Management continually evaluates its judgements and estimates in relation to assets, liabilities, contingent liabilities, revenue and expenses. Management bases its judgements, estimates and assumptions on historical experience and on other various factors, including expectations of future events, management believes to be reasonable under the circumstances. There are no critical accounting judgements, estimates and assumptions that are likely to affect the current or future financial years.

As at 31 December 2018 the only such estimates are related to the impairment review of investments (note 9). When considering the investments value in use, net asset values as well as cashflow projections which extend forward to a terminal value and which take account of the approved budget for the coming year have been used. The Company applies a suitable discount factor to the future cash flows based on its weighted average costs of capital at 12.5% (2017: 10.5%). Growth rates are conservatively applied and do not exceed the expected growth in the local economy after the fifth year.

Note 3. Administrative costs

	Year ended 31 Dec 2018 £m	Year ended 31 Dec 2017 £m
Administrative expenses	<u>(0.6)</u>	<u>(3.8)</u>

Fees paid to the Company's auditor, Deloitte LLP, and its associates for services other than the statutory audit of the Company are not disclosed in the Company's financial statements since the consolidated financial statements of its parent, TP ICAP plc, include these fees on a consolidated basis.

Fees payable for the audit of the financial statements £25,133 (2017: £24,401) has been borne by group company Tullett Prebon Group Limited.

Note 4. Net finance cost

	Year ended 31 Dec 2018 £m	Year ended 31 Dec 2017 £m
Group interest payable	<u>-</u>	<u>0.1</u>

Note 5. Income from investments

	Year ended 31 Dec 2018 £m	Year ended 31 Dec 2017 £m
Dividend received from group undertakings	<u>73.6</u>	<u>104.3</u>

Tullett Prebon Investment Holdings Limited
Notes to the financial statements
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Note 6. Salary and Payroll costs

The monthly average number of persons employed by the Company during the year was nil. (2017: nil).

All staff costs were borne by a fellow subsidiary company of TP ICAP plc and were charged to the Company by way of management charges.

Note 7. Directors Remuneration

No fees were paid to the Directors in respect of services to the Company during the year (2017: nil).

Note 8. Income tax

Analysis of credit for the year:

	Year ended 31 Dec 2018 £m	Year ended 31 Dec 2017 £m
<i>Numerical reconciliation of income tax benefit and tax at the statutory rate</i>		
(Loss)/profit before income tax benefit	(143.8)	99.6
Tax at the statutory tax rate of 19% (2017: 19.25%)	(27.3)	19.2
Non-taxable dividends	(14.0)	(19.2)
Expenses not deductible for tax purposes	41.1	-
Income tax benefit	<u>(0.2)</u>	<u>-</u>

In the UK, legislation to reduce the corporation tax rate from 20% to 19% from 1 April 2017 and from 19% to 17% from 1 April 2020 has been enacted. UK deferred tax will therefore unwind at a rate of 19% for periods from 1 April 2017 to 31 March 2020 and at a rate of 17% thereafter.

	As at 31 Dec 2018 £m	As at 31 Dec 2017 £m
Tax receivable	<u>0.2</u>	<u>-</u>

Tullett Prebon Investment Holdings Limited
Notes to the financial statements
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Note 9. Non-current assets - Investment in subsidiaries

	Share in group undertakings £m	Loans to group undertakings £m	Total Investments £m
Cost and Net Book Value			
At 1 January 2018	945.7	0.8	946.5
Increased investment in subsidiary undertakings	660.9	-	660.9
Impairment of investment in subsidiary undertakings	(216.4)	-	(216.4)
	<u>1,390.2</u>	<u>0.8</u>	<u>1,391.0</u>

During the year, the Company increased its investment in TP ICAP Americas Holdings Inc by £595.3m, Tullett Prebon (Europe) Limited by £29.5m, Tullett Prebon (Securities) Limited by £27.6m and PVM Oil Futures Limited by £6.8m.

During the year, the Company further increased its investment in ICAP Management Services Private Limited by £901k and Tullett Liberty (Futures Holdings) Limited by £13k and Tullett Prebon (Equities) Limited by £478k.

During the year, the Company further increased its investment in LiquidityChain Limited by £350k which was subsequently impaired in the year.

During the year impairment provisions of £216.4m were made in respect of certain subsidiary undertakings reflecting more challenging market conditions faced by those entities.

At 31 December 2018, the Company's subsidiary companies and related undertakings were as follows:

Name	Country of incorporation	Percentage Directly held	Class of share
Cosmorex A.G.	Switzerland	100%	Ordinary
M.W. Marshall (Overseas) Limited	Jersey	100%	Ordinary
Tullett Prebon Canada Limited	Canada	100%	Common stock Class A and
Prebon Group Limited	England & Wales	100%	Ordinary and convertible
Tullett Prebon (Singapore) Limited	Singapore	100%	Ordinary
Tullett Liberty (European Holdings) Limited	England & Wales	100%	Ordinary
TP ICAP (Americas) Holdings Inc.	USA	100%	Common stock
Tullett Prebon Money Brokerage (Korea) Limited	Korea	100%	Ordinary
Tullett Prebon ETP (Japan) Limited	Japan	100%	Ordinary
Tullett Prebon (Australia) Pty. Limited	Australia	100%	Ordinary
TP ICAP (Dubai) Limited	Dubai	100%	Ordinary
Tullett Prebon (Equities) Limited	England & Wales	100%	Ordinary
Tullett Prebon (Europe) Limited	England & Wales	100%	Ordinary
TP ICAP Management Services (Singapore) Pte. Ltd	Singapore	100%	Ordinary
Tullett Prebon Energy (Singapore) Pte. Ltd	Singapore	100%	Ordinary
Tullett Prebon (Hong Kong) Limited	Hong Kong	100%	Ordinary and Preference
Tullett Prebon (No. 3) Limited	England & Wales	100%	Ordinary
Tullett Prebon (Polska) SA	Poland	100%	Ordinary

Tullett Prebon Investment Holdings Limited
Notes to the financial statements
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Note 9. Non-current assets - Investment in subsidiaries (continued)

Tullett Prebon (Securities) Limited	England & Wales	100%	Ordinary
Tullett Prebon South Africa (Pty) Limited	South Africa	100%	Ordinary
Tullett Prebon Information Limited	Guernsey	100%	Ordinary
Tullett Prebon Latin America Holdings Limited	England & Wales	100%	Ordinary
Tullett Liberty B.V.	Netherlands	100%	Ordinary
Prebon Holdings B.V. BV1	Netherlands	100%	Ordinary
Tullett Liberty (Bahrain) Company W.L.L.	Bahrain	85%	Ordinary
Prebon Yamane International Limited	England & Wales	100%	Ordinary
Tullett Prebon Information Limited	England & Wales	100%	Ordinary
Tullett Prebon Oil Ltd	England & Wales	100%	Ordinary
Prebon Limited	England & Wales	100%	Ordinary
PVM Oil Associates Limited	Bermuda	100%	Ordinary
PVM Data Services GmbH	Austria	100%	Ordinary
PVM Oil Futures Limited	England & Wales	100%	Ordinary
PVM Oil Associates Pte, Ltd	Singapore	100%	Ordinary
PVM Oil Futures Pte, Ltd	Singapore	100%	Ordinary
LiquidityChain Ltd	England & Wales	75%	Ordinary A and B
tpSynrex Ltd	England & Wales	50%	Ordinary
TP ICAP (Europe) S.A	France	100%	Ordinary
ICAP Management Services Pte Ltd	Singapore	100%	Ordinary

During 2018 the Company incorporated a new wholly owned subsidiary, TP ICAP (Europe) SA

Full details of direct and indirect subsidiaries and undertakings and associates are disclosed in the supplementary information on page 25 to 32.

Note 10. Non-current assets - Investment in associates and joint ventures

	Shares in associates £m	Loans to associates £m	Total Investments £m
Cost and Net Book Value			
At 1 January 2018	1.7	1.1	2.8
Investment in associates	1.5	0.3	1.8
At 31 December 2018	3.2	1.4	4.6

During 2018 the Company subscribed for shares in Glia Ecosystems Limited at a cost of £1.5 million.

At 31 December 2018, the Company held investments in the issued share capital of the following companies:

Tullett Prebon Investment Holdings Limited
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Note 10. Non-current assets - Investment in associates and joint ventures (continued)

Associates and joint ventures	Principal activities	Country of incorporation	% held & type
Glia Ecosystems Limited	Broking	England & Wales	20% Subscribed Capital
Emsurge Limited	Broking	England % Wales	20% Subscribed Capital
Tpsynrex Limited	Broking	England % Wales	50% Subscribed Capital

During the year, Tullett Prebon Investment Holdings Limited acquired 20% equity stake in Ensurge Limited

Note 11. Current assets - Cash and cash equivalents

	As at 31 Dec 2018 £m	As at 31 Dec 2017 £m
Cash at bank	0.2	9.1

Note 12. Current assets - Debtors

	As at 31 Dec 2018 £m	As at 31 Dec 2017 £m
Loan owed by group related companies	12.8	-
Amount owed by group related companies	5.5	0.1
Less: Allowance for expected credit losses	(0.1)	-
	<u>18.2</u>	<u>0.1</u>

During the year the Company, loan issued a loan to TP ICAP plc for £10,8m.

During the year the Company issued a loan to Coex Partners limited for £2,000,000.00.

Note 13. Non-current liabilities - Creditors - amounts falling due after more than one year

	As at 31 Dec 2018 £m	As at 31 Dec 2017 £m
Amounts owed to Group undertakings	95.1	83.1

The Directors consider that the carrying value of amounts owed to group undertakings approximates to their fair value.

Tullett Prebon Investment Holdings Limited
Notes to the financial statements
31 December 2018

Note 14. Current liabilities - Creditors: amounts falling due within one year

	As at 31 Dec 2018 £m	As at 31 Dec 2017 £m
Amount owed to Group undertakings	<u>0.4</u>	<u>0.2</u>

Note 15. Equity - Issued capital

	As at 31 Dec 2018 Shares	As at 31 Dec 2017 Shares	As at 31 Dec 2018 £m	As at 31 Dec 2017 £m
1 Ordinary share of £1p each - allotted and fully paid	<u>866,420,531</u>	<u>866,420,529</u>	<u>8.7</u>	<u>8.7</u>

Note 16. Equity - Dividends

Dividends paid during the financial year were as follows:

	Year ended 31 Dec 2018 £m	Year ended 31 Dec 2017 £m
Dividends paid in March of nil per share (2017: 4.1p)	-	35.5
Dividends paid in May of 0.04p per share (2017: 0.9p)	33.2	7.6
Dividends paid in June of £0.01p. per share (2017: nil)	11.7	-
Dividends paid in August of 0.03p per share (2017: 2.5p)	19.0	21.7
Dividends paid in September of nil per share (2017: 2.4p)	2.0	20.7
Dividends paid in November of nil per share (2017: nil)	5.8	-
Dividends paid in December of nil per share (2017: £0.9p)	0.8	8.5
	<u>72.5</u>	<u>94.0</u>

Note 17. Events after the reporting period

On 28 February 2019, Tullett Prebon Investment Holdings Limited declared a dividend of £17,000,000: comprising of £6,000,000 cash dividend and £11,000,000 dividend in specie of the loan balance to Tullett Prebon Group Limited.

On 28 February 2019, Tullett Prebon Investment Holdings Limited subscribed for one share in Tullett Prebon (Securities) Limited for £2,000,000.

On 22 March 2019, Tullett Prebon Investment Holdings Limited declared a dividend of £1,035,770.88 to Tullett Prebon Group Limited.

On 26 March 2019, Tullett Prebon Investment Holdings Limited has entered into a convertible bond with ClearCompress Limited to the amount of £500,000.

On 12 April 2019, Tullett Prebon Investment Holdings Limited declared a dividend of £5,000,000 to Tullett Prebon Group Limited.

On 12 April 2019, Tullett Prebon Investment Holdings Limited declared a dividend of £2,774,197.26 to Tullett Prebon Group Limited.

On 3 May 2019, Tullett Prebon Investment Holdings Limited declared a dividend of £7,594,354.10 to Tullett Prebon Group Limited.

Note 17. Events after the reporting period (continued)

On 30 May 2019, Tullett Prebon Investment Holdings Limited declared a dividend of £9,407,213.77 to Tullett Prebon Group Limited.

On 10 June 2019, Tullett Prebon Investment Holdings Limited declared a dividend of £6,000,000 to Tullett Prebon Group Limited.

On 13 June 2019, Tullett Prebon Investment Holdings Limited declared a dividend of £453,105.57 to Tullett Prebon Group Limited.

On 21 June 2019, Tullett Prebon Investment Holdings Limited subscribed for one share in Tullett Prebon (Securities) Limited for £4,000,000.

On 26 June 2019, Tullett Prebon Investment Holdings Ltd subscribed for one share in TP ICAP Management Services (Singapore) Pte Limited for £1,164,958.06.

On 28 March 2019, Tullett Prebon Investment Holdings Limited undertook to provide sufficient financial assistance to Tullett Prebon (Europe) Limited as and when needed to enable Tullett Prebon (Europe) Limited to continue its operations and fulfil all of its financial obligations now and in the future, such undertaking to be in force for a period of twelve months from the date of approval of the financial report of Tullett Prebon (Europe) Limited which was the 29 March 2019 up to a maximum aggregate amount of £50,000,000 during the twelve month period.

On 11 September 2019, Tullett Prebon Investment Holdings Limited will continue to provide sufficient financial support to its fellow group undertaking ICAP America Investments Limited and Garban International, from the date the holdings of ICAP America Investments Limited and Garban International have been transferred to Tullett Prebon Investment Holdings Limited. This is to enable ICAP America Investments Limited and Garban International to meet its liabilities as and when they fall due during the twelve month period.

On 27 March 2019, the Company entered into an agreement with ClearCompress Limited, a provider of algorithm-based compression services, under which the Company provided a £0.5m loan and purchased an option to acquire the share capital of ClearCompress Limited on terms to be agreed at the time of the option's exercise. The fair value of the option at the date of the agreement was negligible. On the 2 September 2019 the Company exercised its option, agreeing to pay £0.8m in cash over two years and contingent deferred consideration estimated to be £8.4m, based on the Company's estimate of performance related conditions, over a 6 year period ending in August 2025.

Note 18. Immediate and ultimate parent company

The Company's immediate parent is Tullett Prebon Group Limited.

The Company's ultimate parent is TP ICAP plc, which is incorporated in England and Wales, and heads the largest and smallest group of companies of which the Company is a member. TP ICAP plc prepares consolidated financial statements in accordance with IFRS. Copies of TP ICAP plc financial statements are available from the registered office: Floor 2, 155 Bishopsgate, London, England, EC2M 3TQ.

Tullett Prebon Investment Holdings Limited
Supplementary Information
31 December 2018

Direct and indirect subsidiaries and associates

At 31 December 2018, the following companies were the Company's subsidiary undertakings, associates and joint ventures.

Subsidiary undertakings

Name	Country of incorporation and operation	Issued ordinary shares, all voting	Registered office address
Tullett Prebon (Australia) Pty. Limited	Australia	100%	Level 29, 9 Castlereagh Street, Sydney NSW 2000, Australia
PVM Data Services GmbH	Austria	100%	Euro Plaza - Building G, Am Euro Platz 2, 1120 Vienna, Austria
Marshalls (Bahrain) WLL*	Bahrain	70%	P.O. Box 5482, Manama Centre, 104/105 Government Road, Manama 316, Bahrain
Tullett Liberty (Bahrain) Company W.L.L.	Bahrain	85%	PO Box 20526, Flat No.31, Building 104, Manama Centre, Entrance 4, 3rd Floor, Govt Avenue 383, Manama 316, Bahrain
PVM Oil Associates Limited	Bermuda	100%	Cumberland House, 9th Floor, 1 Victoria Street, Hamilton, HM11, Bermuda
Tullett Prebon Holdings do Brasil Ltda.	Brazil	100%	Rua São Tomé, 86, 21º andar, Vila Olímpia, São Paulo-SP, CEP 04551-030 – Brasil
Tullett Prebon Brasil S.A. Corretora de Valores e Câmbio	Brazil	69.76%	Rua São Tomé, 86, 21º andar, Vila Olímpia, São Paulo-SP, CEP 04551-030 – Brasil
Tullett Prebon Canada Limited	Canada	100%	1 Toronto Street, Suite 301, PO Box 20, Toronto, Ontario, M5C 2V6, Canada
Tullett Prebon (Europe) Limited	England & Wales	100%	Floor 2, 155 Bishopsgate, London, EC2M 3TQ, England
Tullett Prebon (Securities) Limited	England & Wales	100%	Floor 2, 155 Bishopsgate, London, EC2M 3TQ, England
Tullett Prebon (Equities) Limited	England & Wales	100%	Floor 2, 155 Bishopsgate, London, EC2M 3TQ, England

Tullett Prebon Investment Holdings Limited
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Name	Country of incorporation and operation	Issued ordinary shares, all voting	Registered office address
PVM Oil Futures Limited	England & Wales	100%	Floor 2, 155 Bishopsgate, London, EC2M 3TQ, England
Tullett Prebon (Hong Kong) Limited	Hong Kong	100%	Suite 1001, 10/F CITIC Tower, 1 Tim Mei Avenue, Central, Hong Kong
Tullett Prebon Information Limited	Guernsey. Operating in England & Wales	100%	Regency Court Gategny Esplanade St Peter Port, GY1 1WW, Guernsey
PT. Inti Tullett Prebon Indonesia	Indonesia	57.52%	Wisma 46, Kota BNI, 9th Floor, JL Jendral Sudirman Kav.1, Jakarta, 10220, Indonesia
Tullett Prebon ETP (Japan) Limited	Japan	100%	Akasaka Tameike Tower 4th Floor, 2-17-7 Akasaka Minato-ku, Tokyo 107-0052, Japan
Tullett Prebon (Japan) Limited	Japan	100%	Akasaka Tameike Tower 4th Floor, 2-17-7 Akasaka Minato-ku, Tokyo 107-0052, Japan
Tullett Prebon Money Brokerage (Korea) Limited	Korea	100%	6th Floor, Booyoung Eulji Building, 29 Eulji-ro, Joong-gu, Seoul, Korea
Tullett Prebon México SA de CV	Mexico	100%	Av. de Vasco de Quiroga 1900, Piso 4, Oficina 403, Colonia Centro Ciudad Santa Fe Delegación Álvaro Obregón, C.P. 01210, México
Tullett Prebon (Philippines) Inc.	Philippines	51%	14th Floor, RCBC Savings Bank Corporate Centre, 26th and 25th Streets, Bonifacio South, Bonifacio Global City, Taguig City, 1634, Philippines
Tullett Prebon (Polska) SA*	Poland	100%	ul. Postepu 12, 00-676 Warszawa, Poland
Tullett Prebon Energy (Singapore) Pte. Ltd.	Singapore	100%	50 Raffles Place, #39-00, Singapore Land Tower, 048623, Singapore
Tullett Prebon (Singapore) Limited	Singapore	100%	50 Raffles Place, #39-00, Singapore Land Tower, 048623, Singapore

Tullett Prebon Investment Holdings Limited
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Name	Country of incorporation and operation	Issued ordinary shares, all voting	Registered office address
PVM Oil Futures Pte. Ltd	Singapore	100%	50 Raffles Place, #41-00, Singapore Land Tower, 048623, Singapore
PVM Oil Associates Pte. Ltd	Singapore	100%	50 Raffles Place, #41-00, Singapore Land Tower, 048623, Singapore
Tullett Prebon South Africa (Pty) Limited	South Africa	100%	3rd Floor, Fredman Towers, 13 Fredman Drive, Sandton 2196, Gauteng, South Africa
Cosmorex A.G.	Switzerland	100%	Zürcherstrasse 66, 8800 Thalwil, Switzerland
TP ICAP (Dubai) Limited	UAE	100%	Unit 107 & 108, Level 1, Gate Village Building 1, DIFC, PO Box 506787, Dubai, UAE
TP ICAP (Americas) Holdings Inc.	USA	100%	251 Little Falls Drive, Wilmington, Delaware, 19808, United States
Tullett Prebon Americas Corp	USA	100%	251 Little Falls Drive, Wilmington, Delaware, 19808, United States
Tullett Prebon Financial Services LLC	USA	100%	251 Little Falls Drive, Wilmington, Delaware, 19808, United States
tpSEF Inc.	USA	100%	251 Little Falls Drive, Wilmington, Delaware, 19808, United States
Tullett Prebon Information Inc.	USA	100%	251 Little Falls Drive, Wilmington, Delaware, 19808, United States
PVM Oil Associates Inc.	USA	100%	251 Little Falls Drive, Wilmington, Delaware, 19808, United States
PVM Futures Inc.	USA	100%	Princeton South Corporate Center, Suite 160, 100 Charles Ewing Blvd, Ewing, New Jersey, 08628, United States
Fulton Prebon Holdings N.V.*	Aruba	100%	Suite 304, L.G. Smith Boulevard 62, Oranjestad Oost, Aruba

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Name	Country of incorporation and operation	Issued ordinary shares, all voting	Registered office address
M.W. Marshall (UK) Limited*	England & Wales	100%	Floor 2, 155 Bishopsgate, London, EC2M 3TQ, England
PVM Oil Associates Canada Limited	Canada	100%	400 3rd Avenue SW, Suite 3700, Calgary, AB T2P 4H2, Canada
Prebon Limited	England & Wales	100%	Floor 2, 155 Bishopsgate, London, EC2M 3TQ, England
Prebon Group Limited	England & Wales	100%	Floor 2, 155 Bishopsgate, London, EC2M 3TQ, England
Prebon Yamane International Limited	England & Wales	100%	Floor 2, 155 Bishopsgate, London, EC2M 3TQ, England
Swardgreen Limited	England & Wales	99.92%	Floor 2, 155 Bishopsgate, London, EC2M 3TQ, England
Tullett Liberty (European Holdings) Limited	England & Wales	100%	Floor 2, 155 Bishopsgate, London, EC2M 3TQ, England
Fulton Prebon Group Limited*	England & Wales	100%	Tower 42, Level 37, 25 Old Broad Street, London, EC2N 1HQ, England
Tullett Liberty (Futures Holdings) Limited	England & Wales	100%	Floor 2, 155 Bishopsgate, London, EC2M 3TQ, England
Tullett Liberty (Power) Limited	England & Wales	100%	Floor 2, 155 Bishopsgate, London, EC2M 3TQ, England
Tullett Liberty (Securities Holdings) Limited	England & Wales	100%	Floor 2, 155 Bishopsgate, London, EC2M 3TQ, England
Tullett Liberty Brokerage Services (UK) Limited	England & Wales	100%	Floor 2, 155 Bishopsgate, London, EC2M 3TQ, England
Tullett Prebon (No. 3) Limited	England & Wales	100%	Floor 2, 155 Bishopsgate, London, EC2M 3TQ, England
Tullett Prebon (No. 1)	England & Wales	100%	Floor 2, 155 Bishopsgate, London, EC2M 3TQ, England
Tullett Prebon (Oil) Limited*	England & Wales	100%	Tower 42, Level 37, 25 Old Broad Street, London, EC2N 1HQ, England

Tullett Prebon Investment Holdings Limited
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Name	Country of incorporation and operation	Issued ordinary shares, all voting	Registered office address
Tullett Prebon Administration Limited	England & Wales	100%	Floor 2, 155 Bishopsgate, London, EC2M 3TQ, England
Tullett Prebon (UK) Limited	England & Wales	100%	Floor 2, 155 Bishopsgate, London, EC2M 3TQ, England
Tullett Prebon Information Limited	England & Wales	100%	Floor 2, 155 Bishopsgate, London, EC2M 3TQ, England
Tullett Liberty (Number 2) Limited*	England & Wales	100%	3 Field Court, Gray's Inn, London, WC1R 5EF, England
PVM Oil Consultants Limited	England & Wales	100%	Floor 2, 155 Bishopsgate, London, EC2M 3TQ, England
Tullett Prebon Latin America Holdings Limited	England & Wales	100%	Floor 2, 155 Bishopsgate, London, EC2M 3TQ, England
Tullett Prebon Asia Group Limited	Hong Kong	100%	Suite 1001, 10/F CITIC Tower, 1 Tim Mei Avenue, Central, Hong Kong
M.W. Marshall (Overseas) Limited	Jersey	100%	Level 1, IFC 1 Esplanade, St Helier, JE2 3BX, Jersey
Prebon Marshall Yamane (C.I.) Ltd	Jersey	100%	Level 1, IFC 1 Esplanade, St Helier, JE2 3BX, Jersey
Prebon Holdings BV	Netherlands	100%	Telestone 8 – Teleport, Naritaweg 165, 1043 BW, Amsterdam, Netherlands
Tullett Liberty B.V.	Netherlands Operating in England & Wales	100%	Tower 42, Level 37, 25 Old Broad Street, London, EC2N 1HQ, England
M.W. Marshall Inc	USA	100%	80 State Street, Albany, NY 12207, United States
PVM Energy LLC	USA	100%	101 Hudson Street, Jersey City, New Jersey, 07302, United States
M.W Marshall Nominees Limited*	England & Wales	100%	Tower 42, Level 37, 25 Old Broad Street, London, EC2N 1HQ, England
LiquidityChain Limited	England & Wales	75%	Floor 2, 155 Bishopsgate, London, EC2M 3TQ, England
TP ICAP (Europe) S.A	France	100%	89/91 rue de faubourg, Saint Honore, 75008 Paris, France

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Name	Country of incorporation and operation	Issued ordinary shares, all voting	Registered office address
Revelations Holdings Inc	US	100%	251 Little Falls Drive, Wilmington, Delaware, 19808, United States
SCS OTC Corp	US	100%	80 State Street, Albany, NY 12207, United States
SCS Energy Corp	US	100%	80 State Street, Albany, NY 12207, United States
SCS Commodities Corp	US	100%	80 State Street, Albany, NY 12207, United States
Axiom Atlas Selco LLC	US	100%	1675 South State Street, Suite B, Dover, Delaware 19901, United States
Atlas Commodity Markets LLC	US	100%	Two Greenway Plaza, Suite 600, Houston, TX 77046, United States
Atlas Petroleum Markets LLC	US	100%	Two Greenway Plaza, Suite 600, Houston, TX 77046, United States
Axiom Refined Products LLC	US	100%	Two Greenway Plaza, Suite 600, Houston, TX 77046, United States
Atlas Physical Grains LLC	US	100%	Two Greenway Plaza, Suite 600, Houston, TX 77046, United States
ICAP Global Broking Inc	US	100%	251 Little Falls Drive, Wilmington, Delaware, 19808, United States
ICAP Global Broking Investments	England & Wales	100%	Floor 2, 155 Bishopsgate, London, EC2M 3TQ, England
ICAP US Financial Services LLC	US	100%	251 Little Falls Drive, Wilmington, Delaware, 19808, United States
ICAP North America Inc	US	100%	251 Little Falls Drive, Wilmington, Delaware, 19808, United States
ICAP Merger Company LLC	US	100%	80 State Street, Albany NY 12207, United States
ICAP Broking Holdings North America LLC	US	100%	251 Little Falls Drive, Wilmington, Delaware, 19808, United States
ICAP Future Holdings Inc	US	100%	251 Little Falls Drive, Wilmington, Delaware, 19808, United States

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Name	Country of incorporation and operation	Issued ordinary shares, all voting	Registered office address
ICAP Securities USA LLC	US	100%	251 Little Falls Drive, Wilmington, Delaware, 19808, United States
Linkbrokers derivatives LLC	US	100%	251 Little Falls Drive, Wilmington, Delaware, 19808, United States
ICAP SEF (US) LLC	US	100%	251 Little Falls Drive, Wilmington, Delaware, 19808, United States
ICAP Corporates LLC	US	100%	251 Little Falls Drive, Wilmington, Delaware, 19808, United States
ICAP Spot USA LLC	US	100%	251 Little Falls Drive, Wilmington, Delaware, 19808, United States
ICAP Information Services Inc	US	100%	251 Little Falls Drive, Wilmington, Delaware, 19808, United States
ICAP Media LLC	US	100%	251 Little Falls Drive, Wilmington, Delaware, 19808, United States
ICAP United Inc	US	100%	1209 Orange Street, Wilmington, Delaware, 19801, United States
Wrightson ICAP LLC	US	100%	251 Little Falls Drive, Wilmington, Delaware, 19808, United States
ICAP Energy LLC	US	100%	9931 Corporate Campus Drive, Suite 2400, Louisville, Kentucky, 40223, United States
Exco Noonan Pension LLC	US	100%	251 Little Falls Drive, Wilmington, Delaware, 19808, United States
ICAP Services North America LLC	US	100%	251 Little Falls Drive, Wilmington, Delaware, 19808, United States
ICAP Management Services Pte. Ltd	Singapore	100%	50 Raffles Place, #39-00, Singapore Land Tower, 048623, Singapore

* In liquidation

On 1 January 2019, M.W. Marshall Nominees Limited dissolved.

All the above subsidiary undertakings are owned indirectly, with the exception of those undertakings disclosed in note 9 to the financial statements which is owned directly.

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Associates and joint ventures

Name	Country of incorporation and operation	Issued ordinary shares, all voting	Registered office address
Tullett Prebon SITICO (China) Limited	China	33%	9th Floor, Room 1001, DBS Tower, No.1318, Lujiazui Ring Road, Shanghai, 200120, China
PVM Smart Learning Limited	England & Wales	50%	1 The Lockers, Bury Hill, Hemel Hempstead, England, HP1 1SR
tpSynrex Ltd	England & Wales	50%	Floor 2, 155 Bishopsgate, London, EC2M 3TQ, England
Glia EcoSystems Limited	England & Wales	20%	Claridge Court, Lower Kings Road, Berkhamsted, Hertfordshire, England, HP4 2AF
Emsurge Limited	England and Wales	20%	1 Garrick Close, Hersham, Walton-On-Thames, United Kingdom, KT12 5NY
First Broker Securities LLC	United States	40%	1209 Orange Street, Wilmington, Delaware, 19801, United States
Growth & Emerging Markets LLC	United States	16.19%	2711 Centreville Road, Suite 400, Wilmington, Delaware, DE 19808, United States