Registered number: 05724836

Registered office:
20 Bank Street
Canary Wharf
London, E14 4AD
United Kingdom

MORGAN STANLEY LANGTON LIMITED

Report and financial statements

31 December 2019



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MORGAN STANLEY LANGTON LIMITED

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STRATEGIC REPORT

The Directors present their Strategic report for Morgan Stanley Langton Limited (the "Company") for the year ended 31 December 2019.

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITY :

The principal activity of the Company is to act as an intermediate holding company, with no significant changes expected in 2020.

The Company's ultimate parent undertaking and controlling entity is Morgan Stanley, which, together with the Company and Morgan Stanley's other subsidiary undertakings, form the "Morgan Stanley Group". The Company's immediate parent undertaking is Morgan Stanley & Co. International plc.

BUSINESS REVIEW

Emergence of COVID-19

The coronavirus disease (COVID-19) pandemic has, and will likely continue to, severely impact global economic conditions, resulting in substantial volatility in the global financial markets and operational challenges. The extent of the impact is highly uncertain and cannot be predicted and could adversely affect the future operations and financial condition of Morgan Stanley and the Company.

Overview of 2019 performance and key performance indicators

The Company's main key performance indicators are loss after tax, total assets and total liabilities.

The Company's loss after tax for the year amounted to €57,651,000, compared to €63,432,000 in the prior year.

The loss for the current year was mainly represented by net interest expense of €57,638,000 with other Morgan Stanley group undertakings. In the prior year the loss was similarly represented by net interest expense of €63,421,000 with other Morgan Stanley group undertakings. The decrease in interest expense with other Morgan Stanley Group undertakings is driven by an decrease in the average proxy rate in the year.

The Company's total assets at 31 December 2019 were ϵ 4,774,154,000 compared to ϵ 4,773,056,000 at 31 December 2018. The increase of ϵ 1,098,000 is primarily attributable to an increase in amounts due from other Morgan Stanley Group undertakings. The Company's total liabilities at 31 December 2019 were ϵ 6,132,378,000 compared to ϵ 6,073,629,000 at 31 December 2018. The increase of ϵ 58,749,000 is primarily attributable to an increase in amounts due to other Morgan Stanley Group undertakings.

RISK MANAGEMENT

As an intermediate holding company, the Company is exposed to the risk of decline in value of its investments in subsidiary undertakings. Due to the current financial strength of its subsidiary undertakings, the Directors consider that the actual risk the Company is exposed to is minimal.

The Directors consider that the Company's key financial risks are credit risk, primarily its concentration of exposure to other Morgan Stanley Group undertakings and liquidity risk arising primarily through its exposure to other Morgan Stanley Group undertakings presented within other receivables and payables, loans and advances and debt and other borrowings. The Company leverages the Morgan Stanley Group's credit and liquidity risk frameworks to identify, measure, monitor and control credit risk and to ensure that the Company has access to adequate funding.

The Company also has some limited exposure to country, operational and legal, regulatory and compliance risks.

The Company leverages the risk management policies and procedures of the Morgan Stanley Group.

STRATEGIC REPORT (CONTINUED)

GOING CONCERN

Business risks associated with the uncertain market and economic conditions are being actively monitored and managed by the Morgan Stanley Group and Company. Retaining sufficient capital and liquidity to withstand these market pressures remains central to the Morgan Stanley Group and Company's strategy. The existing and potential effects of COVID-19 on the business of the Morgan Stanley Group and Company have been considered as part of the going concern analysis, including impact on operational capacity, access to liquidity and capital, contractual obligations, other critical accounting judgements and key sources of estimation uncertainty. The Company has access to further Morgan Stanley Group capital and liquidity as required.

Although the Company has net liabilities payable, the Company is performing in line with expectations. The net liabilities payable are due to amounts owing to fellow Morgan Stanley Group undertakings, the demand for repayment of which is wholly within the control of the Morgan Stanley Group.

Taking all of these factors into consideration, the Directors believe it is reasonable to assume that the Company will have access to adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. Accordingly they continue to adopt the going concern basis in preparing the annual reports and financial statements.

SECTION 172(1) STATEMENT

The Directors are aware of their responsibilities to promote the success of the Company in accordance with s172 of the Companies Act 2006. When making decisions, Directors have regard to the interests of stakeholders relevant to the Company, as an intermediate holding company, as well as the need to maintain a reputation for high standards of business conduct and the long term consequences of decisions. They also fulfil their responsibilities through the application of Morgan Stanley Group policies and practices, underpinned by Morgan Stanley's five core values of: do the right thing, put clients first, lead with exceptional ideas, commit to diversity and inclusion and give back.

Approved by the Board on 29 September 2020 and signed on its behalf by

- DocuSigned by:

Stewart Bayfield - Director

Stewart.Bayfield

30 September 2020

DIRECTORS' REPORT

The Directors present their report and financial statements for the Company for the year ended 31 December 2019.

RESULTS AND DIVIDENDS

The loss for the year, after tax, was €57,651,000 (2018: €63,432,000).

During the year, no dividends were paid to the Company's shareholder, Morgan Stanley & Co. International plc (2018: Enil).

RISK MANAGEMENT AND FUTURE DEVELOPMENTS

Information regarding risk management and future developments has been included in the Strategic report.

DIRECTORS

The following Directors held office throughout the year and to the date of approval of this report except where otherwise shown:

S E Bayfield

S I Merry

J O Wood

(Appointed 24 September 2019)

E-L M Martin

(Appointed 23 September 2019)

BML Young

(Resigned 23 October 2019)

DIRECTORS' AND OFFICERS' LIABILITY INSURANCE

Directors' and Officers' Liability Insurance is taken out by Morgan Stanley, the Company's ultimate parent undertaking, for the benefit of the Directors and Officers of the Company and its subsidiary undertakings.

DIRECTORS' INDEMNITY

Qualifying third party indemnity provisions (as defined in section 234 of the Companies Act 2006) were in force during the year and up to and including the date of the Directors' report for the benefit of the Directors of the Company and its subsidiary undertakings.

EVENTS AFTER THE REPORTING DATE

Since the balance sheet date, the coronavirus disease (COVID-19) pandemic has, and will likely continue to, severely impact global economic conditions, resulting in substantial volatility in the global financial markets and operational challenges. The extent of the impact is highly uncertain and cannot be predicted and could adversely affect the future operations and financial condition of Morgan Stanley and the Company.

DIRECTORS' REPORT (CONTINUED)

AUDITOR

Deloitte LLP have expressed their willingness to continue in office as auditor of the Company and, under Sections 485 to 488 of the Companies Act 2006, will be deemed to be re-appointed.

Statement as to disclosure of information to the auditor

Each of the persons who are Directors of the Company at the date when this report is approved confirms that:

- so far as each of the Directors is aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the Company's auditor is unaware; and
- each of the Directors has taken all the steps that he/she ought to have taken as a Director to make himself/herself aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the Company's auditor is aware of that information.

This confirmation is given and should be interpreted in accordance with the provisions of section 418 of the Companies Act 2006.

DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES STATEMENT

The Directors are responsible for preparing the Annual Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the Directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the Directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice ("UK GAAP") (UK Accounting Standards and applicable law), including Financial Reporting Standard 101 'Reduced Disclosure Framework' ("FRS 101"). Under company law the Directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company and of the profit or loss of the Company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the Directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including FRS 101, have been followed; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the Company will continue in business.

The Directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the Company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the Company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the Company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

Approved by the Board on 29 September 2020 and signed on its behalf by

DocuSigned by:

Stewart Bayfield - Director

Stewart.Bayfield

30 September 2020

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF MORGAN STANLEY LANGTON LIMITED

Report on the audit of financial statements

Opinion

In our opinion the financial statements of Morgan Stanley Langton Limited (the "Company"):

- give a true and fair view of the state of the Company's affairs as at 31 December 2019 and of its loss for the year then
 ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice, including Financial Reporting Standard 101 "Reduced Disclosure Framework"; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

We have audited the financial statements which comprise:

- the statement of comprehensive income;
- the statement of changes in equity;
- the statement of financial position;
- the related notes 1 to 12; and
- Appendix to the financial statements.

The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including Financial Reporting Standard 101 "Reduced Disclosure Framework" (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report.

We are independent of the Company in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, including the Financial Reporting Council's (the "FRC's") Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Conclusions relating to going concern

We are required by ISAs (UK) to report in respect of the following matters where:

- the Directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting in preparation of the financial statements is not appropriate;
 or
- the Directors have not disclosed in the financial statements any identified material uncertainties that may cast significant doubt about the Company's ability to continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting for a period of at least twelve months from the date when the financial statements are authorised for issue.

We have nothing to report in respect of these matters.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF MORGAN STANLEY LANGTON LIMITED (CONTINUED)

Other information

The Directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the annual report, other than the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether there is a material misstatement in the financial statements or a material misstatement of the other information. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in respect of these matters.

Responsibilities of Directors

As explained more fully in the Directors' responsibilities statement, the Directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the Directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the Directors are responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Directors either intend to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located on the FRC's website at: www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities. This description forms part of our auditor's report.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF MORGAN STANLEY LANGTON LIMITED (CONTINUED)

Report on other legal and regulatory requirements

Opinions on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of the audit:

- the information given in the Strategic report and the Directors' report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements; and
- the Strategic report and the Directors' report have been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

In the light of the knowledge and understanding of the Company and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we have not identified any material misstatements in the Strategic report or the Directors' report.

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

Under the Companies Act 2006 we are required to report in respect of the following matters if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of Directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- · we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit.

We have nothing to report in respect of these matters.

Use of our report

This report is made solely to the Company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the Company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the Company and the Company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Paul Cowley, C.A. (Senior Statutory Auditor)

for and on behalf of Deloitte LLP

Statutory Auditor

Glasgow, United Kingdom

30 September 2020

STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME Year ended 31 December 2019

	/ .				
	3	Note	2019 €'000	2018 €'000	
Interest income		4	856	937	
Interest expense	•	- 4	(58,494)	(64,358)	
Other expense		5	(12)	(11)	
Net impairment loss on financial assets	•	. 6	. (1)	•	
LOSS BEFORE TAXATION		(·	(57,651)	(63,432)	
Income tax expense	e je	7	<u>-</u>	-	
LOSS AND TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCO	OME FOR THE YEAR		(57,651)	(63,432)	

All results were derived from continuing operations.

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY Year ended 31 December 2019

	Note	Share capital €'000	Share premium €'000	Retained earnings €'000	Total equity €'000
Balance at 1 January 2018		,	5	(1,237,146)	(1,237,141)
Loss and total comprehensive income for the year		-	-	(63,432)	(63,432)
Balance at 31 December 2018	_	-	5	(1,300,578)	(1,300,573)
Loss and total comprehensive income for the year		-	. 9 -	(57,651)	(57,651)
Balance at 31 December 2019	_		5	(1,358,229)	(1,358,224)

The notes on pages 10 to 15 form an integral part of the financial statements.

Registered number: 05724836

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

As at 31 December 2019

	Note '	2019 €'000	2018 €'000
ASSETS			
Cash and short term deposits		-	21
Loans and advances	10	89,103	87,988
Other receivables	10	194	190
Investments in subsidiaries	. 8	4,684,857	4,684,857
TOTAL ASSETS		4,774,154	4,773,056
LIABILITIES			
Other payables	10	3,396	3,400
Debt and other borrowings	10	6,128,982	6,070,229
TOTAL LIABILITIES	•	6,132,378	6,073,629
EQUITY		*	
Share capital	9	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	÷ · · · -
Share premium	9	5	5
Retained loss		(1,358,229)	(1,300,578)
Equity attributable to owners of the Company		(1,358,224)	(1,300,573)
TOTAL EQUITY		(1,358,224)	(1,300,573)
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND EQUITY		4,774,154	4,773,056

These financial statements were approved by the Board on 29 September 2020 and authorised for issue on 30 September 2020.

Signed on behalf of the Board

-- DocuSigned by:

Stewart Bayfield
Stewart Bayfield - Director

The notes on pages 10 to 15 form an integral part of the financial statements.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Year ended 31 December 2019

1. CORPORATE INFORMATION

The Company is incorporated and domiciled in England and Wales, United Kingdom ("UK"), at the following registered address 20 Bank Street, Canary Wharf, London, E14 4AD, UK. The Company is a private company and is limited by shares. The registered number of the Company is 05724836.

The Company's immediate parent undertaking, and parent undertaking of the smallest group of companies for which group financial statements are drawn up and of which the Company is a member, is Morgan Stanley & Co. International plc, which has its registered office at 25 Cabot Square, Canary Wharf, London, E14 4QA, UK and is registered in England and Wales, UK. Copies of its financial statements can be obtained from the Registrar of Companies for England and Wales, Companies House, Crown Way, Cardiff CF14 3UZ.

The Company's ultimate parent undertaking and controlling entity and the largest group of which the Company is a member and for which group financial statements are prepared is Morgan Stanley which, together with the Company and Morgan Stanley's other subsidiary undertakings, form the Morgan Stanley Group. Morgan Stanley has its registered office c/o The Corporation Trust Company, Corporation Trust Center, 1209 Orange Street, Wilmington, DE 19801, United States of America and is incorporated in the state of Delaware, in the United States of America. Copies of its financial statements can be obtained from www.morganstanley.com/investorrelations.

2. BASIS OF PREPARATION

The Company is not required to prepare consolidated financial statements by virtue of the exemption under section 400 of the Companies Act 2006.

Statement of compliance

These financial statements are prepared on a going concern basis as explained in the Strategic report and under the historical cost convention in accordance with UK GAAP (UK Accounting Standards and applicable law), including FRS 101.

The Company has taken advantage of the disclosure exemptions available under FRS 101 in relation to financial instruments, capital management, presentation of a cash-flow statement, accounting standards not yet effective and related party transactions.

Where relevant, equivalent disclosures have been provided in the group accounts of Morgan Stanley & Co. International plc, in which the Company is consolidated. Copies of Morgan Stanley & Co. International plc's accounts can be obtained as detailed at note 1.

New standards and interpretations adopted during the year

The following standards and amendments to standards relevant to the Company's operations were adopted during the year and did not have a material impact on the Company's financial statements, except where otherwise stated.

As part of the 2015-2017 Annual Improvements Cycle published in December 2017, the International Accounting Standards Board ("IASB") made amendments to IAS 12 'Income Taxes' for application in accounting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2019. The amendments were endorsed by the European Union ("EU") in March 2019. International Financial Reporting Interpretations Committee 23 ("IFRIC 23") 'Uncertainty over Income Tax Treatments' was issued by the IASB in June 2017 for application in accounting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2019. The interpretation was endorsed by the EU in March 2019.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Year ended 31 December 2019

2. BASIS OF PREPARATION (CONTINUED)

Critical accounting judgements and sources of estimation uncertainty

No critical judgements have been made in the process of applying the Company's accounting policies that have had a significant effect on the amounts recognised in the financial statements. The Company has not made any key assumptions and there are no other key sources of estimation uncertainty in the reporting period that may have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the next financial year.

The going concern assumption

The Company's business activities, together with the factors likely to affect its future development, performance and position, are reflected in the Business Review section of the Strategic report on page 1.

As set out in the Directors' report, retaining sufficient liquidity and capital to withstand market pressures remain central to the Morgan Stanley Group's and the Company's strategy.

Taking the above factors into consideration, the Directors believe it is reasonable to assume that the Company will have access to adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. Accordingly, they continue to adopt the going concern basis in preparing the annual report and financial statements.

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

a. Functional currency

Items included in the financial statements are measured and presented in Euro, the currency of the primary economic environment in which the Company operates.

b. Foreign currencies

Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in currencies other than Euro are translated into Euro at the rates ruling at the reporting date. Transactions and non-monetary assets and liabilities denominated in currencies other than Euro are recorded at the rates prevailing at the dates of the transactions. All translation differences are recognised through the statement of comprehensive income.

c. Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash and demand deposits with banks, along with highly liquid investments, with original maturities of three months or less, that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and subject to insignificant risk of change in value.

d. Financial instruments

Financial assets and liabilities primarily comprise investments in subsidiaries, loans and advances, debt and other borrowings, other receivables and other payables.

Investments in subsidiaries are stated at cost, less provision for any impairment. Dividends, impairment losses and reversals of impairment losses are recognised in the income statement in 'Net gains on investments in subsidiaries'.

Loans and advances, other receivables and payables and debt and other borrowings are recognised when the Company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument and are initially measured at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost (less allowance for impairment on financial assets). Interest is recognised in the statement of comprehensive income using the effective interest rate ("EIR") method.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS Year ended 31 December 2019

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

d. Financial instruments (continued)

The Company derecognises a financial asset when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the asset expire, or when it transfers the financial asset and substantially all the risk and rewards of ownership of the asset. The Company derecognises financial liabilities when the Company's obligations are discharged, cancelled or they expire.

e. Impairment of financial assets

The Company recognises loss allowances for expected credit losses ("ECL") for its financial assets classified at amortised cost. ECL are the present value of cash shortfalls over the expected life of the financial instrument, discounted at the asset's EIR. ECL are recognised in the statement of comprehensive income within 'Net impairment loss on financial instruments' and is reflected against the carrying amount of the impaired asset on the statement of financial position as an ECL allowance. Where there has been a reduction in ECL, this will be recognised within 'Net reversal of impairment loss on financial instruments'.

Impairment losses on investment in subsidiaries are measured as the difference between cost and the current estimated recoverable amount. When the recoverable amount is less than the cost, an impairment is recognised within the statement of comprehensive income in 'Net losses on investments in subsidiaries,' and is reflected against the carrying amount of the impaired asset on the statement of financial position.

f. Income tax

The tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and is calculated based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit may differ from profit before taxation as reported in the statement of comprehensive income because it excludes items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and it further excludes items that are never taxable or deductible. The Company's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date.

Income tax expense

MORGAN STANLEY LANGTON LIMITED

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS Year ended 31 December 2019

4. INTEREST INCOME AND INTEREST EXPENSE

'Interest income' and 'Interest expense' represent total interest income and total interest expense for financial assets and financial liabilities that are not carried at fair value.

OTHER EXPENSE 2019 2018 €'000 €'000 Auditor's remuneration: Fees payable to the Company's auditor for the audit of the Company's annual financial statements The Company employed no staff during the year (2018: nil). The Company has four directors in the period who are employed by another group company. The Directors' services to the Company are considered to be incidental to their other responsibilities within the Morgan Stanley Group and as such, Directors' remuneration is €nil for the current year (2018: €nil). 6. NET IMPAIRMENT LOSS ON FINANCIAL ASSETS 2019 2018 €'000 €'000 ECL relating to: Loans and advances **INCOME TAX EXPENSE** 2019 2018 €'000 €'000 Current tax expense UK corporation tax at 19% (2018: 19%) - - Current year

Finance (No.2) Act 2015 reduced the UK main rate of corporation tax to 17% with effect from 1 April 2020. However, following the UK Budget on 11 March 2020 and subsequent resolutions given statutory effect under the Provisional Collection of Taxes Act 1968, for the financial year 2020 the UK statutory rate is 19%. While this change does not affect the income tax charge for the year, it will affect future periods.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS / Year ended 31 December 2019

7. INCOME TAX EXPENSE (CONTINUED)

Reconciliation of effective tax rate

The current year income tax benefit is lower (2018: lower) than that resulting from applying the average standard rate of corporation tax in the UK for the year of 19% (2018: 19%). The main differences are explained below:

	2019 €'000	2018 €'000
Loss before taxation	(57,651)	(63,432)
Income tax using the average standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 19% (2018: 19%)	(10,954)	(12,052)
Impact on tax of Group relief surrendered for no cash consideration Total income tax expense in the statement of comprehensive income	10,954	12,052
8. INVESTMENT IN SUBSIDIARIES	· .	Subsidiary
		undertakings €'000

Cost and carrying amounts

At 1 January 2019 and 31 December 2019

4,684,857

Details of all investments in subsidiaries (including indirect subsidiaries) of the Company as at 31 December 2019 and 31 December 2018 have been included in the Appendix to the financial statements.

9. EQUITY

		4 - 44	Ordinary shares of €1 each Number	Ordinary shares of £1 each £'000
Allotted and fully At 1 January 2019 a	paid: nd 31 December 2019		5	

Reserves

Share premium

The 'Share premium account' of ϵ 5,000 (2018: ϵ 5,000) represents the capital raised in an issue of shares that exceeds the nominal value of the shares.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS Year ended 31 December 2019

10. EXPECTED MATURITY OF ASSETS AND LIABILITIES

Loans and advances, debt and other borrowings, other receivables and other payables relate wholly to amounts due from and to group undertakings respectively.

Other receivables of $\in 194,000$ (2018: $\in 190,000$) and other payables of $\in 3,396,000$ (2018: $\in 3,400,000$) are expected to be settled no more than twelve months after the reporting period, with all other amounts expected to be settled more than twelve months after the reporting period end.

11. SEGMENT REPORTING

The Company has only one class of business, as described in Strategic report and operates in a single geographic market, Europe, Middle East and Africa ("EMEA") and accordingly no segmental analysis has been provided.

12. EVENTS AFTER THE REPORTING DATE

Since the balance sheet date, the coronavirus disease (COVID-19) pandemic has, and will likely continue to, severely impact global economic conditions, resulting in substantial volatility in the global financial markets and operational challenges. The extent of the impact is highly uncertain and cannot be predicted and could adversely affect the future operations and financial condition of Morgan Stanley and the Company.

APPENDIX TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS Year ended 31 December 2019

Details of all investments in subsidiaries (including indirect subsidiaries) of the Company at 31 December 2019 and 31 December 2018 are shown in the table below.

Name of Company	Address of undertaking's registered office	Type of shares held	Proportion of shares held	Proportion of votings rights held	Nature of business
Morgan Stanley Equity Investments (Luxembourg) Unlimited Company	Custom House, Plaza Block 6, International Financial Services Centre, Dublin 1, Ireland	Ordinary Class B	100%	99%	Holding Company
Morgan Stanley Heythorp Investments Unlimited Company	Custom House, Plaza Block 6, International Financial Services Centre, Dublin 1, Ireland	Ordinary Class A	99.99%	89.89%	Holding Company I
Morgan Stanley Heythorp Investments Unlimited Company	Custom House, Plaza Block 6, International Financial Services Centre, Dublin 1, Ireland	Ordinary Class B	100%	10.10%	Holding Company
Morgan Stanley Grund S.à r.l.	46A, Avenue J.F. Kennedy, Luxembourg, L-1855	Ordinary	, 100%, 1	99%^	Financial services
Morgan Stanley Equity Investments (UK) Limited	Maples Corporate Services Limited, PO Box 309, Ugland House, Grand Cayman, KY1-1104, Cayman Islands	Ordinary	100%	99%^	Financial services
Morgan Stanley Corporate Holdings (Luxembourg) Unlimited Company	Custom House, Plaza Block 6, International Financial Services Centre, Dublin 1, Ireland	Ordinary	100%	99%^	Holding Company
Morgan Stanley Euro Financing (Luxembourg) Unlimited Company	Custom House, Plaza Block 6, International Financial Services Centre, Dublin 1, Ireland	Ordinary	50%	50%^	Financial services
Morgan Stanley Derivative Products Spain S.L.	Serrano 55, 28006, Madrid, Spain	Ordinary	100%	99%^	Financial services
Morgan Stanley Equity Holding (Netherlands) B.V.	Luna Arena, Herikerbergweg 238, 1101 CM, Amsterdam, The Netherlands	Ordinary	100%	99%^	Financial services
Global Equity High Yield Fund B.V.	Weena 210-212, 3012 NJ Rotterdam, The Netherlands	Ordinary	99.99%	99.99%^	Financial services
Morgan Stanley Equity Finance (Malta) Limited (in liquidation)	SmartCityMalta, SCM 01, TMF Group (Malta), 401 Ricasoli, Kalkara SCM 1001, Malta	Ordinary	99.99%	99%^	Financial services

[^] Denotes shareholdings attributed to the Company which are not held directly by the Company.

Morgan Stanley Derivative Products (Portugal) Unipessoal LDA. was dissolved on 31 October 2018.

The Company has a 100% interest in the Ordinary Class B shares of Morgan Stanley Equity Investments (Luxembourg) Unlimited Company which entitles the holder to 99% of voting rights and 99% of assets. In this situation, the Company is entitled to 99% of the benefits and is exposed to 99% of the risks inherent in the net assets of Morgan Stanley Equity Investments (Luxembourg) Unlimited Company. This also applies to quasi-subsidiaries held indirectly as subsidiaries of Morgan Stanley Equity Investments (Luxembourg) Unlimited Company.

The Ordinary Class A shares of Morgan Stanley Equity Investments (Luxembourg) Unlimited Company, which carry overall voting rights of 1% and a capital weighting of 1%, are held by another Morgan Stanley Group undertaking.